PUBLIC SAFETY - POLICE - FIRE - BUSINESS FM MONITOR RECEIVER

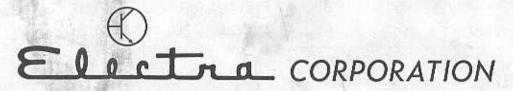
MODEL BCL-BCH-BCU SERIES 2

MADE IN U.S.A.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS



Patent Applied for



CUMBERLAND, INDIANA 46229

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GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The several models of the Bearcat Receiver are designed to monitor frequency modulated radio signals over the radio spectrum assigned by the Federal Communications Commission as follows:

MODEL BCL 30-50 Megahertz MODEL BCH 150-174 Megahertz MODEL BCU 450-470 Megahertz

Each of these receivers is capable of receiving eight fixed frequency channels (when eight crystals are installed) within a 10 Megahertz spread, except the model BCL (30-50Mhz) which is limited to a seven megahertz spread for the eight channels.

The feature which makes it fascinating and different is the automatic scan and manual channel select facility. It may be programmed to sample or scan 8 fixed frequency channels, lock on the first channel which becomes active and continue to scan when the carrier is discontinued. Each channel may be scanned or omited as desired by use of individual switches on the front panel. The scanner may be disabled and any channel selected manually when desired.

The receiver may be installed in mobile service or used as a fixed station device by selecting either of the two power cables supplied.

The most recent developments in solid state circuitry are incorporated in the receiver. Insulated gate field effect transistors are used in the front end to minimize cross modulation and spurious signals. Six integrated circuits are used in the switching and limiter-discriminator circuits.

SPECIFICATIONS

SIZE: 9"W x 4"H x 6-13/16" Deep (overall).

WEIGHT: 4 pounds.

POWER INPUT: 117 Vac, 6 W scanning, 9 W maximum; 12.6 Vdc, .15A scanning, .37A maximum; 2 Power cables supplied.

POWER OUT: 2 W at 5% distortion.

ANTENNA: 1. Telescoping antenna supplied.

2. Standard auto antenna connector.

3. Outside antenna may be used with 50 ohm coaxial cable.

INPUT IMPEDANCE: 50-70 ohms.

SENSITIVITY: Readable at .3 microvolt for ± 5 kHz deviation; 1 microvolt for 20 dB quieting; 1 microvolt for 20 dB signal to noise ratio; Model BCU (450-470 MHz) slightly less.

CHANNELS: Up to 8 crystal controlled channels may be scanned automatically or selected individually or in any combination.

FREQUENCY RANGE: Model BCL 30-50 MHz, Total Spread 7 MHz; Model BCH 150-174 MHz, Total Spread 12 MHz; Model BCU 450-470 MHz, Total Spread 20 MHz.

SAMPLE RATE: Approximately 20 channels per second.

CRYSTALS: Miniature plug-in type HC-18/U which may be installed easily by user in any desired position.

MOBILE USE: Brackets supplied for mobile mounting under dash. The 12.6 Vdc power cable connects to "ACCESSORY" fuse block or regular "RADIO" fuse block.

NOTE: USE WITH NEGATIVE GROUND SYSTEMS ONLY.

FRONT PANEL CONTROLS: Squelch; Volume on-off; Manual-scan switch; Channel select switch; 8 channel programming switches; 8 channel indicator lamps.

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

The Bearcat Receiver is shipped ready for operation with all accessories necessary for installation in an automobile or as a fixed station receiver.

When operated as a fixed station device in areas of good signal strength the telescoping antenna supplied will give satisfactory results. Insert the five section antenna through the hole in the top of the cabinet, screw into the threaded bushing and extend full length. Select the appropriate power cable and attach to the receiver and 117 VAC source.

If the receiver is to be used in areas of low signal strength, best results will be obtained with a ground plane or coaxial type antenna and a coaxial cable lead in. For maximum signal pick up the antenna should be vertical and erected as high as pos-The automotive type connector supplied attaches to the coaxial transmission line with the center conductor to the center pin and the braid to the shell. A suitable transmission line is the 50 ohm coax such as RG/58 A/U. Suitable antennas are manufactured by Antenna Specialists and available at electronic parts dealers. For the 30-50 Mhz range, the fixed station antenna is model MON-4. For the 150-470 Mhz range, the fixed station antenna is model MON-3. Other equivalent antennas may be available from your dealer.

MOBILE INSTALLATION

To install in a vehicle:

- Select the two mobile mounting brackets and four #6 self-tapping sheet metal screws. Locate the pair of holes which will be most appropriate on each end panel of the receiver.
- Secure the mounting brackets to the receiver by inserting the #6 self-tapping screws through the elongated slots of the mounting brackets. The elongated slots will allow the receiver to tilt for best visibility and use.
- Place the receiver in the desired position and mark location for the mounting holes under the dash by using the bracket holes as a guide.
- Drill mounting holes with a 7/64 drill bit and attach with four #6 sheet metal screws.
- Insert the automotive type plug from the regular auto antenna lead in into the "ANTENNA" jack on the back panel of the receiver.
- 6. Collapse the antenna to approximately 17" (1 section) for the model BCU. Extend the antenna full length for the model BCL (30-50 Mhz) and model BCH (150-174Mhz). If a separate mobile antenna is desired, the Antenna Specialists model MON-5 is satisfactory for the 30-50Mhz range and the model MON-2 for the 150-470Mhz range. Other equivalent antennas may be available from your Dealer.

 Connect the 12 volt cable and plug to the receiver. Attach the other end to the "ACCES-SORY" or "RADIO" fuse terminal.

NOTE: USE WITH 12 VOLT NEGATIVE GROUND SYSTEMS ONLY.

The noise generated by the auto electrical system and other parts of the car is sometimes a problem particularly in areas of low signal strength. The subject of noise elimination is too lengthy to deal with adequately in this instruction book.

It is recommended for those who wish to become familiar with the subject to purchase "The Radio Amateur's Handbook" or "The Mobile Manual" published by The American Radio Relay League and sold by most electronic parts stores. It is further recommended that the vehicle be taken to a service center which specializes in VHF-UHF two way radio communications equipment for correction of a noise problem.

In some localities, it is illegal for unauthorized personnel to receive on a mobile receiver a signal transmitted on a police frequency. It is the responsibility of the person making the installation to be sure that the user of this receiver is authorized or cleared through the local police department. Under no condition can Electra Corp., the manufacturer of this set, be held responsible for its unauthorized installation or use.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

- Turn the receiver "ON" by rotating the volume control knob to the right (clockwise) to a well advanced position.
- Place the 8 channel-programming switches in the up (on) position.
- 3. Set the "MANUAL"-"SCAN" switch to "MAN."
- Adjust the squelch control clockwise until the rushing noise is heard. Then adjust the squelch control counterclockwise until the rushing noise disappears.
- 5. Press the "CHANNEL"-"SELECT" switch downward and continue to step through all channels. If the noise should "break the squelch" on any channel adjust the squelch control counterclockwise again slightly to quiet the receiver. THIS MUST BE DONE BETWEEN STATION TRANSMISSIONS.
- The "CHANNEL"-"SELECT" switch may now be used to select and monitor any desired channel.
- To sample all channels automatically, return the "MAN"-"SCAN" switch to "SCAN." Any channel may be locked out as desired by moving the individual channel switch downward (off).

DISCONNECT POWER BEFORE REMOVING COVER

To install or change a crystal, remove the four #4 sheet metal screws which secure the bottom cover to the case. When the bottom cover is removed the crystals and other components will be exposed to view. The crystals are in line and the crystal for each channel is adjacent to, and associated with, the panel lamp and number marked on the front panel.

Remove the crystal by a gentle pull upward. Insert the crystal by aligning the pins with the sockets and pushing straight down. DO NOT BEND THE SOCKETS. THESE MINIATURE SOCKETS ARE MADE OF SPRING BRONZE AND WILL BREAK OFF IF BENT EXCESSIVELY.

NOTE: Do not install two crystals of the same frequency.

Rigid quality standards are applied to crystals furnished by Electra Corporation to assure full performance, therefore our warranty does not include correcting poor operation caused by crystals from other sources.

Unless ordered otherwise the BCU alignment spread is 450 MHz to 470 MHz, the BCH 151 MHz to 163 MHz, and the BCL is aligned with a 7 MHz spread to include the frequencies ordered and factory installed. New frequencies may be added within these spreads; if they are outside, performance may be reduced or realignment may be required.

CRYSTAL FORMULAS

BCH - Received frequency - 10.80 MHz = crystal frequency

Example: 155.01 MHz - 10.80 MHz = 48.07000 MHz

BCL - Received frequency + 10.80 MHz = crystal frequency, 30-40 MHz, use high side conversion. 40-50 MHz, use low side conversion.

> Example: 35,80 MHz + 10,80 MHz = 46,60000 MHz 44,70 MHz - 10,80 MHz = 33,90000 MHz

(Exception: 46.4 MHz thru 46.6 MHz -- use high side conversion)

BCU - For even multiples of 25 kHz (XXX, X00 or XXX, X50) use low side conversion.

Received frequency - 10.80 MHz = crystal frequency

Example: 453, 250 MHz - 10, 80 MHz = 49, 16111 MHz

For odd multiples of 25 kHz (XXX, X25 or XXX, X75) use high side conversion.

Receive frequency + 10.80 MHz = crystal frequency

Example: $\underline{453.225 \text{ MHz} + 10.80 \text{ MHz}} = 51.55833$

NOTE: ELECTRA CRYSTALS ARE MARKED WITH ELEC-TRA'S PART NUMBER.

USER HINTS

Radio equipment usually operates in an environment of man-made electro-magnetic noise which radiates from power lines, fluorescent lights, motors, appliances, ignition systems, etc. Modern radios are designed to minimize interference from such sources but operation may be affected under conditions of unusually strong noise.

Distant, weak, "skip" or noise signals may be received by your Bearcat because of its high sensitivity. Whenever such conditions interrupt scanning or whenever a very busy channel prevents reception of other desired signals, the affected channel may be bypassed by means of its individual panel switch.

In cases of strong interfering noise or signals it may be desirable to reduce the length of the antenna to reduce noise pick-up below a critical level. This may be very effective in medium and strong signal areas.

Single-channel operation may be obtained as described under Operating Instructions. It may also be accomplished with the "MAN-SCAN" switch in the "SCAN" position by locking out all but the desired channel. Continuous-carrier signals such as the ESSA weather broadcasts on 162.55 MHz, which are available in many areas, may be received when desired by use of the individual channel switches.

In mobile service the commonly encountered poor reception conditions are signal fading, nearby faulty ignition systems, power lines and proximity to strong, closely spaced signals. Careful setting of the squelch control will minimize these conditions. Crystals are very seldom the cause of such problems.

When moving or shipping the radio, remove the telescoping antenna to avoid damage to it or to the internal circuit assemblies.

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RADIO SERVICES

Local Government Police Fire Highway Maintenance

Forestry-Conservation Special Emergency

> Hospitals Ambulances Physicians Disaster Relief School busses

Power Petroleum

Forest Products

Motion Pictures
Press
Special Industrial
Business
Manufacturers
Telephone Maintenance
Motor Carrier
Railroad
Taxicab
Automobile Emergency
Public Mobile Radio
Rural Radio
Mobile Telephones
Marine

ALIGNMENT

I. F. SECTION

MODELS BCH-BCL-BCU

Equipment Needed:

Oscilloscope

Sweep generator with 10.79, 10.80 and 10.81 MHz markers.

- Connect sweep generator to: pin 3 of Q2, BCH: pin 3 of Q4, BCU; pin 3 of Q7, BCL.
- 2. Connect oscilloscope through detector to pin 4 of IC6. See Figure 1.

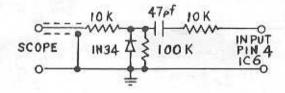


Figure 1

- 3. Maintain output of 10.8 MHz sweep generator at a low level to prevent distortion from overloading.
- 4. Adjust T2 top and bottom for maximum output.
- 5. Adjust T3 and T4 top and bottom for maximum output and best symmetry. See Fig. 2.
- 6. Disconnect detector from pin 4 of IC6.
- 7. Connect scope directly to pin 1 of IC 6 and adjust T5 so that 10.8 MHz is in center of discriminator curve and for best linearity. See Fig. 3.

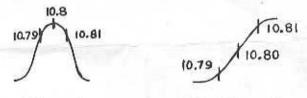


Figure 2

Figure 3

RF SECTION

Equipment Needed for All Models:

- R. F. Signal generator, Measurements 560 FM or equivalent.
- 6 dB PAD, 50 Ohms in and out.
- AC-VTVM, Ballantine 300 or equivalent.
- Frequency meter (Electronic Counter) Berkeley 7175 or equivalent.
- DC-VTVM
- Swamping resistor, 100 Ohms.

MODEL BCH 150-174 MHz

- Connect signal generator through 6 dB pad to
- "ANT" input jack. Connect AC-VTVM to speaker terminals. Set to 1 Volt scale.
- Turn SQUELCH control fully clockwise.
- 4. Turn VOLUME control clockwise to obtain full
- scale meter reading of .1 Volt. (noise)
 5. Select channel near center of band (156 MHz).
 6. Adjust generator frequency (no modulation) to
- channel frequency. Swamp L4 with 100 Ohm resistor and tune L13
- for maximum quieting. NOTE: Decrease generator output as necessary
- during alignment.

 Swamp L13 and tune L4 for maximum quieting.

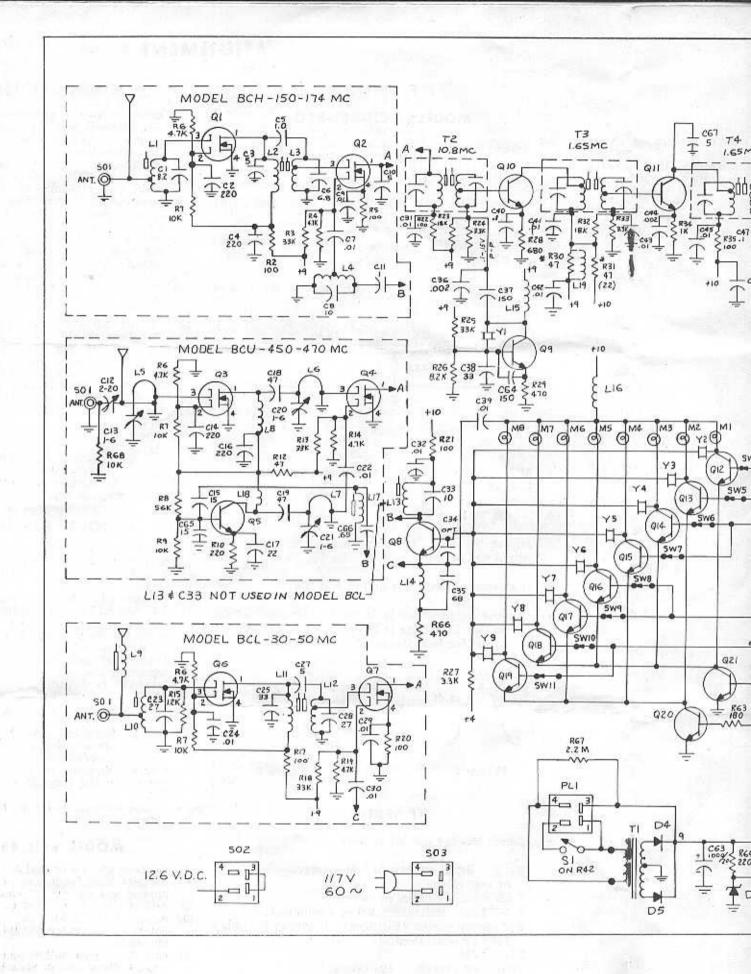
 Swamp L2 and tune L1 and L3 for maximum
- quieting.
- 10. Swamp L3 and tune L2 for maximum quieting. Receiver should now have sensitivity of 1 microvolt or better for 20 dB quieting.
- Couple frequency meter thru 15 pF capacitor to 11. point "B." (collector of Q8) Switch through all channels and read crystal fre-
- 12. quency. Must be within .002%.
- Check squelch action -- range should be 600 to 900.
- Check lock-in on each channel as follows:
 - A. Set squelch control at optimum.
 B. Set "MAN-SCAN" switch to "SCAN."
 - C. Apply instantaneous 1 microvolt signal at each channel frequency. Receiver should lock-in at 1 uV or less.

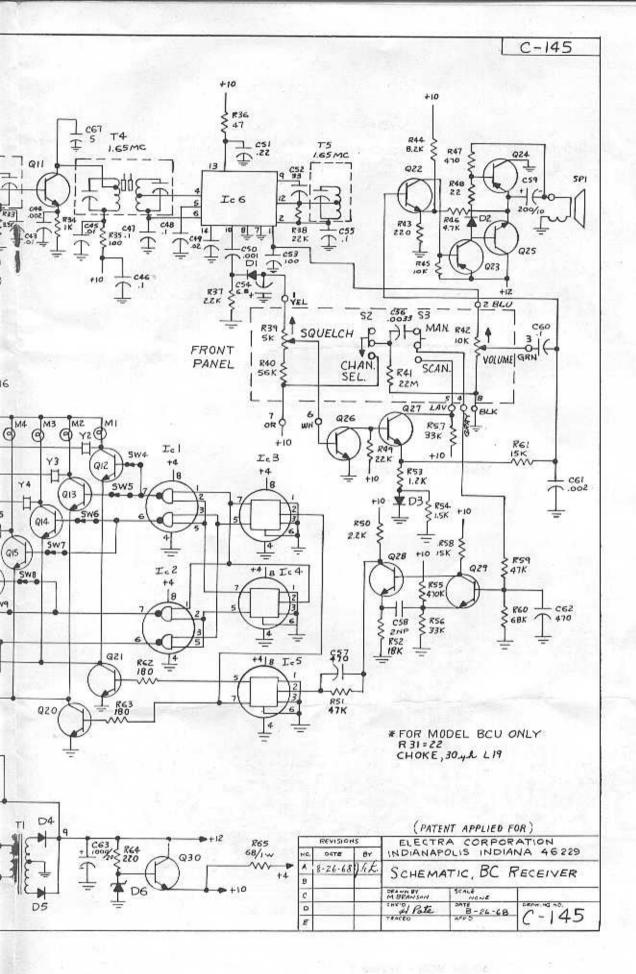
MODEL BCL 30-50 MHz

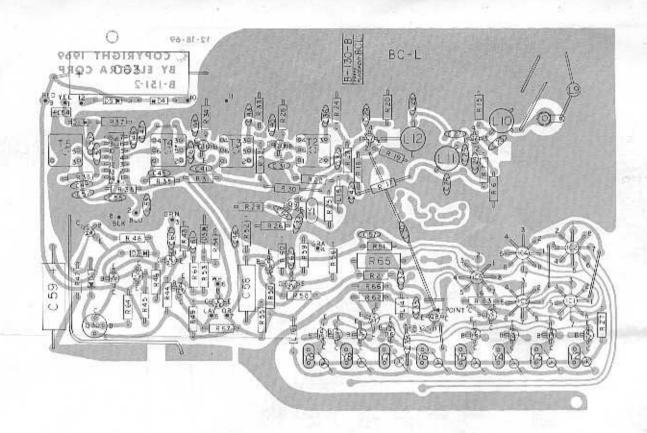
- Connect signal generator and AC-VTVM as above with the generator frequency near the center of the 7 MHz spread and a corresponding crystal selected.
- Swamp L11 with the 100 Ohm resistor and tune L10 and L12 for maximum quieting.
 Swamp L12 and tune L11 for maximum quieting.
- Receiver should have sensitivity of 1 uV or better on all channels.
- Disconnect generator from receiver and install top cover and vertical antenna.
- Increase generator output so that vertical antenna will pick up signal from generator.
- Adjust L9 (antenna loading coil) for maximum quieting.
 - NOTE: Keep the generator and receiver tuned to center of 7 MHz spread during all alignment steps.
- 7. Check frequency of all crystals by coupling frequency meter through a 15 pF capacitor to point
- 8. Check squelch and lock-in as in steps 13 and 14 above.

MODEL BCU 450-470 MHz

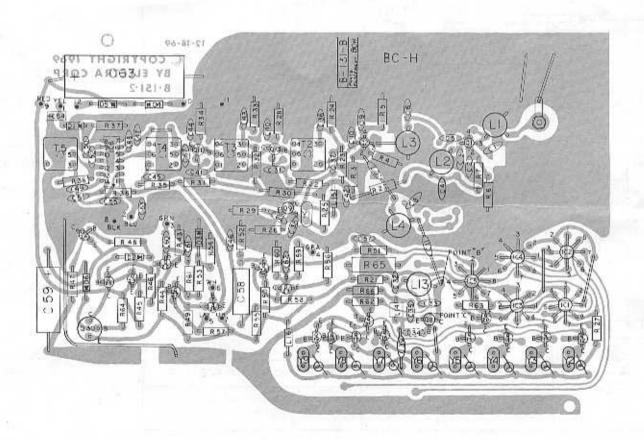
- 1. Connect generator and AC voltmeter as above with the generator frequency at the center of the 20 MHz spread and a corresponding crystal selected.
- Adjust L13 and L17 for maximum quieting.
 Adjust C13, C20, C21, and C12 for maximum quieting. Receiver should be 2 uV or better on all channels.
- 4. Check squelch action and lock-in as in steps 13 and 14 above except sensitivity will be 2 uV.





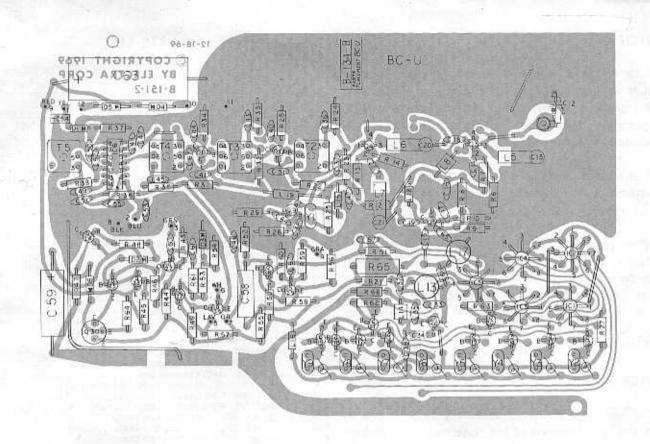


Model BCL - Series 2



Model BCH - Series 2

- 8 -



Model BCU - Series 2

VOLTAGE CHART

PIN	1	2	4		E	В	C
Q1	6.5	2	0	Q19	. 6	. 15	8.5
Q2	7.5	1	. 4	Q20		. 2	. 6
Q3	7.5	2	0	Q21	0	. 7	.1
Q4	6.5	1	0	Q22	. 23	0	14.3
Q6	7	2	0	*	. 55	1.1	13.5
Q7	7.5	1	.2	Q23	14.3	14.3	.06
	E	В	C	*	14.	13.5	6.6
Q5	.9	. 6	7	Q24	. 23	0	0
Q8	2,5	3	8	*	6.2	5.8	-0
Q9	. 8	1.3	7.5	Q25	.23	0	14.4
Q10	. 6	1	8	*	6.2	6.5	14.2
Q11	.7	1.3	8.5	Q26	0	. 54	.06
Q12	. 8	. 85	. 15	*	0	. 3	1.7
Q13	.8	. 85	8.5	Q27	0	.06	8.8
Q14	. 1	. 15	8.5	*	1.1	1.7	1.1
Q15	. 6	. 15	8.5	Q28	7.5	8	7.5
Q16	.1	. 2	8.5	Q29	. 5	0	8.5
Q17	. 6	. 2	8.5	Q30	8.8	9.5	14.4
Q18	. 1	.15	8.5		3401100		

Taken with squelch working except (*). MAN.-SCAN. Switch in MAN. position with channel #1 on.

Voltages are approximate. Use as a general guide to locate short and open conditions only.

LOGIC CHART

				Lan	ip o	rC	oun	t	
IC#	Pin	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
5	5	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
9	7	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
3	5	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
9.5	7	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
4	5	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
7.01	7	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
1	6	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
*	7	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
	7	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
Q20 Q21		1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
		0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1

"1" = UP Voltage, .75V to 1.5V

"0" = Down Voltage

SERVICING

It is recommended that servicing of the Bearcat Receiver be done only by the factory or authorized service centers specializing in two way VHF-UHF radio service. Special test equipment and techniques are required to accomplish this service.

A customer service department is maintained at the factory to give fast and efficient service on all of our products.

When returning radio receivers to the factory or authorized service center for service, include both ac and dc power cables and telescoping antenna. Disconnect cables and antenna, pack carefully and include a brief, detailed description of the difficulty you are having.

SERVICE NOTES

The Bearcat Receiver circuitry is designed to utilize the best features of four types of semiconductors; rectifier diodes, conventional bi-polar transistors, insulated-gate field-effect transistors and integrated circuits. Servicing should not be attempted by anyone who is not familiar with the manufacturer's recommendations and cautions relating to each of these devices. The use of ohmmeters is particularly hazardous since they can deliver voltages and currents large enough to damage semiconductors.

Alignment will seldom be a cause of trouble unless tampering has occurred. Rf alignment may be necessary occasionally, especially in the BCL, to move the frequency spread.

Failure of the "MAN-SCAN" and "CHAN-SEL" switches is usually caused by hardened switch lubricant. This can be removed by a spray contact cleaner or by opening the switch assembly.

When a channel lamp does not light the failure may be either the lamp or the switching transistor. If the channel works, check the lamp; if not, check the transistor. When groups of lamps are out refer to the logic chart.

A radio to be installed in close proximity to a powerful transmitter, such as in a vehicle, should have paralleled forward and reverse diodes connected between the antenna input and ground in the usual manner. The 1N4009, 1N914 or equivalent may be used.

PARTS LIST CAPACITORS

Ref No.	Description	List Price
	n d. f. 105 MBD. Committe Disc.	\$.50
C1	8. 2 pf., 10 % NPO, Ceramic Disc	.50
C2	5 pf. 5% NPO. Ceramic Disc	.50
C3	220 pf. 20%. Ceramic Disc.	. 50
C4	1.0 pf. 55 (Quality Components)	. 50
Cā Ce	6.8 pf. 5% NPO, Ceramic Disc.	. 50
C6	.01 mf, 20%, 100V, Ceramic Disc	. 50
C7	10 pf, 5%, NPO, Ceramic Disc	.50
C8	.01 mf, 20%, 100V, Ceramic Disc	.50
C9 C10	5 pf. 10%, NPO, Ceramic Disc.	.50
C11	1 pf. 5%, NPO Ceramic Disc.	.50
10.77-67 0	1, 5-20 pf, TRIMMER (Areo 402)	1.00
C12 C13	1-6 pf, TRIMMER (Centralab #829-6)	1.00
C14	220 pf. 20%, Ceramic Disc.	.50
C15	15 pf. 10%. NPO Ceramic Disc	.50
C16	220 pf. 20%. Ceramic Disc	. 50
C17	22 pf. 10%, NPO Ceramic Disc	. 50
C18	47 pf. N750 Ceramic Disc. 10%	. 50
C19	47 pf. N750 Ceramic Disc. 10%	. 50
C20	1-6 pf, TRIMMER (Centralab #829-6)	1,00
C21	1-6 pf. TRIMMER (Centralab #829-6)	1.00
C22	.01 mf, 20%, 100V Ceramic Disc	. 50
C23	27 pf. 5%, NPO Ceramic Disc	, 50
C24	.01 mf, 20%, 100V Ceramic Disc	.50
C25	33 pf, 5%, NPO Ceramic Disc	.50
C26	.001 mf, 20%, Ceramic Disc	.50
C27	5 pf. 10%, NPO Ceramic Disc	.50
C28	27 pf., 5%, NPO Ceramic Disc	.50
C29	.01 mf, 20%, 100V Ceramic Disc	. 50
C30	.01 mf, 20%, 100V Ceramic Disc	.50
C31	.01 mf, 20%, 100V Ceramic Disc	. 50
C32	.01 mf, 20%, 100V Ceramic Disc	. 50
C33	10 pf. 10%, NPO Ceramic Disc	. 50
C34	15 pf. 10%, NPO Ceramic Disc	. 50
C35	68 pf. 5%, NPO Ceramic Disc	, 50
C36	. 002 mf. 20%. Ceramic Disc	. 50
C37	150 pf., 20%, Ceramic Disc	. 50
C38	33 pf., 20%, Ceramic Disc	. 50
C39	.01 mf, 20%, 100V Ceramic Disc	. 50
C40	.1 mf, 10V, Ceramic Disc	. 50
C41	.01 mf, 20%, 100V Ceramic Disc	. 50
C42	,01 mf, 20%, 100V Ceramic Disc	.50
C43	.01 mf, 20%, 100V Ceramic Disc	, 50
C44	.002 mf, 20%, Ceramic Disc	.50
C45	.01 mf, 20%, 100V Ceramic Disc,	.50
C46	.1 mf, GMV, 10V Ceramic Disc	.50
C47	.1 mf, GMV, 10V Ceramic Disc	.50
C48	.1 mf, GMV, 10V Ceramic Disc	, 50
C49	.02 mf. 20%, 50V Ceramic Disc	. 50
C50	. 001 mf, 20%, Ceramic Disc	. 50
C51	, 22 mf, GMV, 10V Ceramic Disc	.50
C52	33 pf. 10%, NPO Ceramic Disc	
C53	100 pf, 20%, Ceramic Disc	. 50
C54	6.8 mf, Tantalum (Kemet K6R8E6)	1.00
C55	.1 mf. GMV, 10V Ceramic Disc	.50
C56	.0033 mf, 20%, 100V Ceramic Disc	.50
C57	470 pf, 20%, Ceramic Disc	
C58	2 mf, Electrolytic (Non-polar)	1.00
C59	200 mf, 10V Electrolytic	.50
C60	.1 mf, 10V Ceramic Disc.	.50
C61	.002 mf, 20%, Ceramic Disc	.50
C62	470 pf, 20%, Ceramic Disc	2,00
C63	1000 mf, 20V, Electrolytic	.50
C64		. 50
C65 C66	15 pf, 10%, Ceramic Disc	. 50
C67	5 pf, 10%, Ceramic Disc.	. 50
Cost	a pri rout ceramo mos.	
	TRANSISTORS	
	117 COSE 11 TO COSE 11	

	Ref. No.	Description	List Price	
	Q1)	(MFE-3008, 554C or	\$ 4,00	
	Q1 \ Q2 \ Q3 \	RCA 40601 RCA 40600 or	4,00	
8	Q4 / Q5	\RCA 40601 2N3563 Fairchild	2,00	
	Q5 Q6 } Q7 }	(RCA 40601	75.53	

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

	Ref. No).	Description	List Price	Ref.	No.	Part No.	Description		List Price
	Q8	2N3563 Fai	rehild	8 2.00			A-138-A	Telescoping Antenna		\$ 1.50
	Q9	2N3563 Fai	rehild	2,00			A-119-1	Mobile Mounting Bra	cket	. 75
	Q10	MPS-3705	Motorola	2.00				A Section Comments of the Section	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
	Q11	2N3563 Fai		2.00				RESISTORS		
	Q12		Motorola	1.50						
	Q13		Motorola	1.50	12020	22000		220000000000000000000000000000000000000		List
	Q14	MPS 3393 1		1.50	Ref.	No.		Description		Price
	Q15	MPS 3393 I		1.50	ma		100 -1 103	. to w-14		A 02
	Q16	MPS 3393 I		1.50	R2			. 1/2 Watt		\$.25
	Q17	MPS 3393 1	HER INSTITUTE IN CONTROL TO A CONTROL OF THE SECOND SERVICES AND A SECOND SECOND SECOND SECOND SECOND SECOND S	1.50	R3 R4			/2 Watt		. 25
	Q18		Motorola	1.50	R5			. 1/2 Watt		. 25
	Q19 Q20		Motorola	1.50 1.50	R6			1/2 Watt		. 25
	123.3 PL-10	MPS 3393 1 MPS 3393 1			R7			/2 Watt		. 25
	Q21 Q22	MPS 3393 I		1.50 1.50	R8			/2 Watt		.25
	Q23	MPS 3702 I	[1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1]	2.00	R9			/2 Watt		, 25
	Q24		Iotorola	4.00	R10			, 1/2 Watt		. 25
	Q25		Iotorola	4.00	R12			1/2 Watt		. 25
	Q26		Motorola	1.50	R13			/2 Watt		. 25
	Q27		Motorola	1.50	R14			1/2 Watt		. 25
	Q28		Motorola	1.50	R15			1/2 Watt		. 25
	Q29		Motorola	1.50	R17			, 1/2 Watt		. 25
	Q30			3.00	R18		33 K, 10%, W	att		, 25
					R19		4.7 K, 10%,	1/2 Watt		. 25
					R20		100 ohm, 10%	, 1/2 Watt		. 25
			RF COILS		R21			6, 1/2 Watt		. 25
					R22		100 ohm, 103	6, 1/2 Watt		. 25
				List	R23			/2 Watt		. 25
	Ref. No	. Part No.	Description	Price	R24			1/2 Watt		. 25
	Assessment of				R25			/2 Watt		. 25
	L1	B-146-1	RF Coil	\$ 1.00	R26			/2 Watt		. 25
	L2	B-146-2	RF Coil	1.00	R27			1/2 Watt		. 25
	L3	B-146-3	RF Coil	1.00	R28			, 1/2 Watt		. 25
	I.A	B-146-3	RF Coil	1.00	R29			, 1/2 Watt		. 25
	L5	A-158-2	RF Coil	1.00	R30			cohm), 10%, 1/2 Watt		.25
	L6	A-158-1	RF Coil	1.00	R31			ohm), 10%, 1/2 Watt		. 25
	1.7	A-158-2	RF Coil	1.00	R32			/2 Watt		. 25
	LS	A-110	RF Choke	, 50	R33			1/2 Watt		. 25
	1.9	A-136-3	Ant. Loading Coil	1.00	R34 R35			1/2 Watt		.25
	L10	B-146-4	RF Coil	1.00	R36			6, 1/2 Watt		. 25
	L11 1.12	B-146-5 B-146-6	RF Coil	1.00	R37			1/2 Watt		.25
	1.12	B-146-2	Osc Coil	1,00	R38			/2 Watt		.25
	1.14	A-110	Osc Coil	1.00	R39			H CONTROL (Linear)		1.50
	L15	A-149-1	RF Choke	.75	R40			/2 Watt		. 25
	1.16	A-149-1	RF Choke	.75	R41			1/2 Watt		. 25
	1.17	B-146-2	Coil	1.00	R42			TAPER VOLUME		2.00
	1.18	A-145	RF Choke	. 50	R43			, 1/2 Watt		. 25
	L19		RF Choke, 30 Mh	1.00	R44			1/2 Watt		. 25
					R45			/2 Watt		.25
					R46			1/2 Watt		. 25
					R47			6, 1/2 Watt		. 25
			VIVID DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE		R48		22 ohm, 10%,	1/2 Watt		. 25
			MISCELLANEOUS		R49		22 K. 10%, 1	/2 Watt		. 25
				Titat	R50			1/2 Watt		.25
	Det w	The section	Description	List Price	R51			/2 Watt		. 25
5	net. No	o. Part No.	recognition	2.1100	R52			/2 Watt		. 25
	IC1		Integrated Circuit	S 2.00	R53			1/2 Watt		. 25
	IC2		Integrated Circuit	2,00	R54			1/2 Watt		. 25
	IC3		Integrated Circuit	4,00	R55			1/2 Watt		. 25
	IC4		Integrated Circuit	4.00	R56			/2 Watt		. 25
	IC5		Integrated Circuit	4,00	R57			/2 Watt		. 25
	IC6		Integrated Circuit	8.00	R58		15 K, 10%, 1	Mark Committee of the C		. 25
	M1-M8		Lamp, Indicator, GE2174D	.75	R59		47 K, 10%, 1			. 25
	D1		Diode, INS4A	.75	R60		68 K, 10%, 1	**************************************		. 25
	D2		Diode, Silicon, Power, 50V, PIV	.75	R61			/2 Watt		. 25
	D3		Diode, Silicon, Power, 50V, PIV . Diode, Silicon, Power, 50V, PIV .	.75 .75	R62 R63			5, 1/2 Watt		. 25
	D4 D5		Diode, Silicon, Power, 50V, PIV . Diode, Silicon, Power, 50V, PIV .	.75	R64			5. 1/2 Watt 5. 1/2 Watt		.25
	D6		Diode, Zener, 10V+5%	1.50	R65			ett, 10%		. 25
	SP	B-153-1	Speaker, 8ohm	4.00	R66			, 1/2 Watt		.25
	Y1	A-101-2	Crystal, 12.45000 MC	6.00	R67			1/2 Watt		. 25
	Y2-Y9	A-135	Crystal, (Frequency as required)	5.00	R68			/2 Watt		. 25
	S1		Switch, (on back of volume control)	*11	10000					10000
8	S2		Switch, Slide, SPST (Spring return)	- 75				TRANSFORMERS		
3	83-11		Switch, Slide, SPDT	.75				I KANSTORMERS		
	SOI		Ant. Socket, H. H. Smith #1207	50						List
	eron.		Ant. Plug, H. H. Smith #1200 Socket, Power, Beauchaine	.50	Ref.	No.	Part No.	Description		Price
	802		#S3304 FHT	23000	250	-	39 - FOREST B	736 2.0		1-105
	SO3		Socket, Power, Beauchaine	111	T1		B-129-1	Power Transformer		\$ 4.00
	000		fS3304 FHT	06.808.0	T2		B-128-1	IF Transformer, 10.		2.50
	PLI		Plug, Power, Beauchaine #P3304AB		T3		B-127-1	IF Transformer, 1,		2,50
		A-121-1	Lens Cap	*1.5	T4		B-127-1	IF Transformer. 1.		2,50
		\$1000 (COST)	Knob, Kurz Kasch #S-1647-35L-4092	.75	T5		B-126-1	IF Transformer, 1.	55 MC	2, 50
										-450